### NITIJELA OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS

## $36^{TH}$ CONSTITUTIONAL REGULAR SESSION, 2015

BILL NO.: <u>82ND1</u>

P.L. 2015-51
AN ACT
to create a new Chapter under Title 26 of the MIRC in order to declare the equal rights and freedoms of all persons with disabilities and provide for the protection, promotion and enforcement; of those rights and freedoms, as a step towards implementing the legal obligations of the Marshall Islands, as a State Party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Person with Disabilities; and to make related provisions.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE NITIJELA OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS:
PART I - PRELIMINARY
Section 1. Short title.
This Act may be cited as the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2015.
Section 2. Interpretation.
(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
"adjustment order" means an order under section 45;
"assistive device" means any technical device intended to meet the specific needs of
persons with disabilities, and includes wheelchairs, hearing or visual aids and
other devices, whether of the same kind or not;
"building" includes any separate premises in a building;
"Committee" means the Human Rights Committee established by the Human Rights
Committee Act 2015;
"communication" includes the following:
(a) languages, including sign language;
(b) display of text;

1	(c) Braille;
2	(d) tactile communication;
3	(e) large print;
4	(f) accessible multimedia;
5	(g) written, audio, plain-language, human-reader and augmentative and alternative
6	modes, means and formats of communication;
7	(h) accessible information and communication technology;
8	"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of the Marshall Islands;
9	"Convention" means the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with
10	Disabilities as adopted by the United Nations on 13 December 2006 and
11	entering into force on 3 May 2008;
12	"Convention Committee" means the Committee on the Rights of Persons with
13	Disabilities under the Convention;
14	"Court" means the High Court;
15	"Disability Rights Complaints Sub-Committee" means a complaints sub-
16	committee appointed by the Committee under the Human Rights Committee
17	Act 2015 to hear a disability complaint;
18	"Fund" means the Disabilities Assistance Fund established under section 40;
19	"Minister" means the Minister of Internal Affairs;
20	"Ministry" means the Ministry of Internal Affairs;
21	"procedural accommodation" means appropriate modifications and adjustments,
22	whether of a rule, a practice, an environment, a requirement or otherwise, to
23	ensure full participation by persons with disabilities in any form of legal or
24	administrative procedure, including investigations and enquiries, on an equal
25	basis with others;

1	"public building" means a building to which members of the public are entitled to
2	have access, whether on payment or otherwise;
3	"relevant organization" means an organization:
4	(a) representing persons with disabilities;
5	(b) involved in providing services to persons with disabilities; or
6	(c) involved in providing training or education to the public in matters
7	relating to disability;
8	"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Ministry;
9	"substitute decision-making" means the making of a decision by another person
10	on behalf of a person with disability;
11	"support service" means a facility or modification, whether physical, administrative
12	or otherwise, required to provide reasonable accommodation for a person with
13	disability, and includes:
14	(a) provision of assistive devices, or animals or technologies;
15	(b) provision of a support person, chosen by the person with disability;
16	(c) ensuring accessibility to buildings and facilities;
17	(d) adoption of universal design measures;
18	(e) adaptive communication formats; and
19	(f) supported decision-making as a free service;
20	"supported decision-making" means decision-making by a person with disability,
21	supported by another person of his or her choice;
22	"universal design":
23	(a) means the design of products, environments, programs and services
24	intended for, or to be used by, all persons, to the greatest extent
25	possible, without the need for adaptation or specialized design; and

1		(b) includes assistive devices for particular groups of persons with
2		disabilities where this is desirable or necessary.
3	(2) H	For the purposes of this Act:
4	66	'disability" includes a long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairment
5		which, in interaction with various attitudinal and environmental barriers, may
6		hinder full and effective participation of a person in society on an equal basis
7		with others;
8	•	"discrimination", unless otherwise specified, means discrimination on the basis of
9		disability, whether direct or indirect, and "discriminate" has the equivalent
10		meaning;
11	"	discrimination on the basis of disability":
12		(a) means any distinction, exclusion or restriction on the basis of disability
13		which has the purpose or effect of impairing or nullifying the
14		recognition, enjoyment or exercise by a person, on an equal basis with
15		others, of all human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political,
16		economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field; and
17		(b) includes denial of reasonable accommodation;
18	6	'disability complaint" means a complaint about the violation of one or more of the
19		rights of a persons with disability, including discrimination on the basis of
·20		disability;
21	4	'persons with disabilities" include those persons who have long-term physical,
22		mental, intellectual or sensory impairments which, in interaction with various
23 .		barriers, may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal
24		basis with others, and "person with disability" has the equivalent meaning.

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(3)

In this Act:

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	(a)	"reasonable accommodation" means appropriate modifications and
		adjustments, whether of a rule, a practice, an environment, a requirement or
		otherwise, in order to ensure the full participation by persons with disabilities
		in an activity, on an equal basis with others;
	(b)	the nature and limits of the duty to accommodate must be determined on a
		case by case basis and include factors such as the accommodation required,
		the size of the entity involved, and the resources available; and
	(c)	the duty must be reasonable and must not impose a disproportionate or undue
		burden.
(4)	In th	nis Act, requirements for Government to "adopt measures" include taking
	admi	nistrative action, formulating policies, introducing legislation, making
	subsi	diary legislation, and allocating funds.
(5)	Spec	ial measures which are intended to accelerate or achieve de facto equality of
pers	sons with	disabilities must not be considered discrimination against other persons.
Sec	tion 3.	Purpose and principles of the Act.
(1)	The 1	purpose of this Act is to:
	(a)	declare, protect, promote, fulfill and enforce the rights and freedoms of
		persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others; and
	(b)	implement the legal obligations of the Marshall Islands as a State Party to the
		Convention.
(2)	The 1	principles of this Act, in relation to persons with disabilities, are as follows:
	(a)	respect for the inherent dignity, individual autonomy including the freedom to

make one's own choices, and independence of persons;

non-discrimination;

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(b)

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1	(c)	full and effective participation and inclusion in society;
2	(d	respect for difference and acceptance of persons with disabilities as part of
3		human diversity and humanity;
4	(e)	equality of opportunity;
5	(f)	accessibility;
6	(g	equality between men and women;
7	(h	respect for the evolving capacities of children with disabilities and their right
8		to preserve their identities;
9	(i)	respect for the dignity and value of older persons with disabilities;
0	(j)	respect for the inclusive community-based features of Marshallese culture.
.1 (3	B) Th	nis Act:
2	(a)	recognizes that:
13		(i) all persons are equal before and under the law and are entitled without
4		any discrimination to the equal protection and equal benefit of the law;
15		and
16		(ii) discrimination on the basis of disability is a denial of human rights;
17	(b	seeks to extend to all persons with disabilities, including those who require
18		more intensive support, full protection of all human rights and civil liberties;
19	(c	acknowledges the valuable contribution of persons with disabilities to the
20		overall well-being and diversity of the Marshall Islands and to improved social
21		and economic development;
22	(d	acknowledges that persons with disabilities are entitled to be actively involved
23		in all decision making processes, policies and programs, including those that
24		directly concern them;
25	(e	recognizes that persons with disabilities have the right to voice their concerns,

1			have unique insight into disabilities, and are best placed to guide and
2			strengthen the development, implementation, monitoring and review of
3			policies, legislation and services to ensure that they effectively meet their
4			requirements;
5		(f)	recognizes that disability is an evolving concept and that it results from the
6			interaction between persons with impairments and attitudinal and
7			environmental barriers that hinders their full and effective participation in
8			society on an equal basis with others.
9	(4)	In giv	ving effect to this Act, the courts and all other persons and bodies must have
10		regard	d to:
11		(a)	the purpose of the Convention, which is to promote, protect and ensure the full
12			and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all
13			persons with disabilities, and to promote respect for their inherent dignity;
14		(b)	advisory opinions and interpretations of the Convention by the Convention
15			Committee and the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for
16			Human Rights; and
17		(c)	all other relevant international human rights standards and principles.
18	(5)	This	Act must be read and applied so as to achieve in the Marshall Islands the
19		follov	ving strategic objectives:
20		(a)	enhanced and effective participation of persons with disabilities as equal
21			partners in national and regional development;
22		(b)	disability-inclusive development as part of a rights-based approach to
23			development and poverty reduction;
24		(c)	effective development partner collaboration and coordination in support of
25			Government efforts to promote disability-inclusive development;

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	(d)	improved disability statistics as a basis for evidence-based decision-making on
		disability;
	(e)	effective mainstreaming of disability into policies, procedures, plans and
		budgets at all levels and in all sectors.
Sec	tion 4.	Application of the Act.
(1)	This	Act applies to every person in the Marshall Islands, irrespective of the person's
	natio	nality or citizenship.
(2)	This	Act binds the State, including every Government department, every local
	Gove	ernment, every statutory authority, and every person in the employment of
	natio	nal or local Government.
		PART II - RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES
Sec	tion 5.	Constitutional rights.
(1)	Perso	ons with disabilities are entitled equally with other persons to the rights and
	privi	leges set out in Article II of the Constitution.
(2)	Gove	ernment must take all necessary measures to ensure:
	(a)	the effective enjoyment of the right to life by persons with disabilities, on an
		equal basis with others; and
	(b)	the protection and safety of persons with disabilities in situations of risk,
		including situations of armed conflict, humanitarian emergencies and the
		occurrence of natural disasters.
(3)	The	right to freedom from torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or
	punis	shment includes the right not to be subjected to medical treatment, or medical or

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1	sc	cientific experimentation without the free and informed consent of the person
2	co	oncerned.
3		
4	Section 6	6. Accessibility.
5	Persons v	vith disabilities are entitled, on an equal basis with others, to:
6	(a	live independently and participate fully in all aspects of life;
7	(b	live in a barrier-free and disability-inclusive environment; and
8	(c	enjoy access to the physical environment, transportation, and information,
9		knowledge and communications, including information and communications
10		technology and systems, and other facilities and services available to the
11		public.
12		
13	Section 7	Equal recognition before the law.
14	(1) Po	ersons with disabilities are entitled to:
15	(a	be recognized as persons before the law and as having legal capacity on an
16	ec	qual basis with others in all aspects of life; and
17	(b	any support they may require to exercise their legal capacity.
18	(2) N	o person may be subjected to any limitation on the rights under subsection (1) on the
19	ba	asis of:
20	(a	a diagnosed impairment, including a cognitive, mental or psychosocial
21		impairment; or
22	. (b	an actual or perceived difficulty in decision-making that may arise from a
23		cognitive, mental or psychosocial impairment.
24	(3) T	he right of a person to enjoy legal capacity includes the right to:

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(a)

conclude contracts and conduct the person's own financial affairs;

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1		(b)	have access to bank loans, mortgages, insurance and other forms of financial
2			credit and investment;
3		(c)	inherit, own, buy, sell and administer property;
4		(d)	marry and found a family;
5		(e)	control the person's own fertility and exercise other sexual and reproductive
6			health rights;
7		(f)	exercise parental rights;
8		(g)	give consent for intimate relationships;
9		(h)	give consent for medical treatment or hospitalization; and
10		(i)	not be arbitrarily deprived of the person's property.
11	(4)	The r	ight to legal capacity includes the right to:
12		(a)	have support freely chosen by the person with disability in any decision-
13			making process; and
14		(b)	have in place administrative or judicial safeguards to prevent abuse by the
15			person chosen to provide support in the decision-making process.
16	(5)	Perso	ons with disabilities must not be deprived of their rights under this section under
17		any c	ircumstances, including humanitarian emergencies or other situations of risk.
18			
19	Section	on 8.	Access to justice.
20	(1)	Perso	ons with disabilities are entitled to access to justice on an equal basis with others.
21	(2)	This	right includes the right to access:
22		(a)	free legal services; and
23		(b)	procedural accommodations necessary for effective participation in legal
24			proceedings, including as parties to the proceedings, witnesses and jurors.
25	(3)	The C	Court must make rules providing for the making of procedural accommodation

1		for pe	ersons with disabilities whenever they attend court.
2			
3	Secti	on 9.	Liberty and security of person.
4	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities are, on an equal basis with others, entitled to:
5		(a)	enjoy the right to liberty and security of person; and
6		(b)	not be deprived of their liberty unlawfully or arbitrarily, including by
7			consent of another person.
8	(2)	Any o	deprivation of liberty of a person with disability must be in conformity with the
9		law.	
10	(3)	The e	xistence of a disability does not justify a deprivation of liberty.
11	(4)	Gove	rnment must ensure that if persons with disabilities are deprived of their
12		liberty	y through any lawful process, they are, on an equal basis with others, entitled to:
13		(a)	guarantees in accordance with international human rights law; and
14		(b)	treatment consistent with the objectives and principles of the Convention,
15			including reasonable accommodation.
16			
17	Secti	on 10.	Freedom from exploitation, violence and abuse.
18	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities, including women and children with disabilities, are entitled
19		to be	protected, both within and outside the home, from all forms of exploitation,
20		violer	nce and abuse.
21	(2)	Perso	ns with disabilities who are subject to any form of exploitation, violence or
22		abuse	are entitled to access justice and to receive appropriate counseling,
23		rehab	ilitation, reintegration, and protection services.
24			

25 Section 11. Liberty of movement and nationality.

1	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities have the right to liberty of movement, freedom to choose
2		their	residence and nationality, on an equal basis with others.
3	(2)	These	e rights include the right to:
4		(a)	acquire and change a nationality;
5		(b)	not be deprived of their nationality arbitrarily or on the basis of disability;
6		(c)	obtain, possess and use a passport or other identity documentation; and
7		(d)	not be prevented from entering or leaving the Marshall Islands arbitrarily or on
8			the basis of disability.
9	(3)	Child	ren with disabilities born in the Marshall Islands are entitled to:
10		(a)	be registered with a name and nationality under the Births, Deaths, and
11			Marriages Registration Act 1988;
12		(b)	know who their parents are; and
13		(c)	be cared for by their parents, unless this is not in the best interests of the child
14			or for any other lawful reason.
15			
16	Section	on 12.	Living independently and being included in the community.
17	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities have the right, equally with others, to live independently and
18		to be	included in the community.
19	(2)	This	includes the right to:
20		(a)	choose their preferred place of residence;
21		(b)	access a range of in-home, residential and other community support services
22			and facilities, including personal assistance necessary to support daily living
23			and inclusion in the community;
24		(c)	access transportation;

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1		(d)	admission to any public or non-public school or other educational or training
2			establishment;
3		(e)	access vocational training;
4		(f)	access work in the open market;
5		(g)	access mobility aids, assistive devices and technologies, specialist guides,
6		İ	interpreters; and
7		(h)	training in mobility skills.
8	(3)	Where	e a person with disability requires personal assistance under subsection (2)(b) by
9		way o	of a personal assistant, the person with disability is entitled to -
10		(a)	select the personal assistant; and
11		(b)	determine the terms and conditions of the personal assistant's service.
12	(4)	A pers	sonal assistant must be provided with appropriate training.
13			
14	Section	on 13.	Freedom of expression and opinion, and access to information.
15	(1)	Person	ns with disabilities have the right to freedom of thought, speech, expression and
16		opinio	on, and the right to access information on an equal basis with others.
17	(2)	In acc	cessing information, persons with disabilities are entitled to seek, receive, and
18		impar	t information and ideas using a means of communication of their choice
19		includ	ling -
20		(a)	accessible formats and technologies such as sign language, Braille,
21			augmentative and alternative modes; and
22		(b)	Internet services and the mass media in accessible formats.
23			
24	Section	n 14.	Respect for privacy.

Persons with disabilities have the right, equally with others, to privacy.

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(1)

1	(2)	The rig	ght to privacy includes the right to be protected from:
2		(a)	arbitrary or unlawful interference with their privacy, family, home
3			information and communication;
4		(b)	disclosure of personal, health, or rehabilitation information without their
5			consent; and
6		(c)	any act that demeans their personal dignity, reputation or physical or mental
7			integrity.
8			
9	Section	on 15.	Respect for home and the family.
10	(1)	Person	s with disabilities, on an equal basis with others, have the right to marry, retain
11		their fe	ertility, and exercise full sexual, reproductive and parental rights.
12	(2)	Person	with disabilities must not be subjected to forced sterilization or any other
13		interfe	rence with their reproductive health without their free and informed consent.
14	(3)	A chile	d must not be separated from a parent on the basis of a physical, mental,
15		intelled	ctual or psychosocial health impairment.
16	(4)	If sepa	aration is contemplated, every effort must first be made to consider whether
17		additio	nal support services to the parent would be sufficient to enable the child to
18		remain	with the parent.
19	(5)	Person	s with disabilities are entitled to receive support, including reproductive health
20		and ch	ild care information and services, in order to exercise their sexual, marital,
21		reprodu	uctive, and parental rights.
22			

### 23 Section 16. Right to education.

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(1) Persons with disabilities have a right to education without discrimination and are

1		entitle	ed to quality and inclusive education as a measure of their inherent dignity and
2		their	right to equality, non-discrimination, the full development of their talents and
3		creati	vity, and their effective and equal participation in society.
4	(2)	The ri	ight to education without discrimination applies to:
5		(a)	the public school system, in accordance with section 313 (1) (a) of the
6			Marshall Islands Public School System Act, 2013; and
7		(b)	the non-public school system.
8	(3)	Perso	ns with disabilities are entitled, on an equal basis with others, to:
9		(a)	compulsory and free primary education, including free interpretation and
10			support services;
11		(b)	secondary education;
12		(c)	higher education;
13		(d)	vocational training; and
14		(e)	life-long learning.
15	(4)	A per	son must not be denied admission, whether directly or indirectly, to any public
16		or no	n-public school or other educational or training establishment, on the basis of an
17		actual	or perceived physical, sensory, mental, intellectual or psychosocial impairment.
18	(5)	Perso	ns with disabilities are entitled to reasonable accommodation of their individual
19		needs	, including but not limited to:
20		(a)	physical access to classrooms and other school buildings and facilities,
21			accessible transport, and alternative modes of instruction and educational
22			materials, including Braille and sign language;
23		(b)	adequate support measures, including learning support assistants;
24		(c)	adjustment of entry requirements, curriculum examinations and pass marks;

1		(d)	instruction by teachers trained in inclusive education and qualified to teach
2			alternative modes of instruction including Braille and sign language.
3	(6)	In this	s section, "inclusive education" means an education system that:
4		(a)	embraces a set of values, principles and practices that seek meaningful,
5			effective and quality education for all students; and
6		(b)	nurtures and encourages the diversity of learning conditions and requirements
7			not only of children with disabilities, but of all students.
8			
9	Section	on 17.	Health care and services.
10	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities are entitled to equal access to quality health services in order
11		to ma	intain and improve their health and quality of life.
12	(2)	In pa	rticular, persons with disabilities have the right to:
13		(a)	enjoy the same range, quality and standard of free or affordable health care
14			services and information as provided to others in the areas of public health and
15			sexual and reproductive health;
16		(b)	early identification of impairments and appropriate intervention services in
17			particular for children and older persons;
18		(c)	other disability-specific health services, including prevention of further
19			impairments, and rehabilitation services;
20		(d)	receive health care services at home or in a place of their choice;
21		(e)	training for family members in the care of persons with disabilities at home;
22		(f)	access to a full range of free or affordable assistive devices;
23		(g)	confidentiality of personal medical records or information.

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1	(3)	The p	provision of health services to persons with disabilities, including mental health
2		servic	ces, hospitalization or placement in any institutional health facility, must only be
3		on the	e basis of their free and informed consent.
4	(4)	Acces	ss to and fees for health care, health services, health insurance, and life insurance
5		must	not be varied on the basis of disability.
6			
7	Section	on 18.	Habilitation and rehabilitation.
8	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities are entitled to habilitation and rehabilitation services and
9		progr	ams, particularly in the areas of health, employment, education, housing and
10		social	services, to enable their independent living, participation, and inclusion in
11		comn	nunity life.
12	(2)	The s	ervices and programs must be:
13		(a)	voluntary;
14		(b)	accessible;
15		(c)	tailored to individual needs; and
16		(d)	made available at the earliest opportunity after the need arises.
17			
18	Section	on 19.	Work and employment.
19	(1)	Perso	ns with disabilities, including women with disabilities, have the right to work
20		and ea	arn a living on an equal basis with others.
21	(2)	This i	includes the right to:
22		(a)	work in the open market;
23		(b)	be employed in any occupation and at any level in the public and private

be protected from forced labor and exploitation;

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sectors;

(c)

1		(d)	enjoy just and decent work, including equal remuneration for work of equal
2			value, a safe and health working environment, and protection from
3			harassment.
4	(3)	It is u	unlawful to discriminate against a person, directly or indirectly, on the basis of
5		disab	ility, including in any of the following:
6		(a)	hiring processes such as advertising, interviewing, selection criteria, and
7			recruitment conditions;
8		(b)	terms or conditions of employment such as remuneration, hours of work,
9			leave, and other benefits;
10		(c)	assignment of work;
1		(d)	opportunities for promotion, transfer or training, or any other benefits
12			associated with employment;
13		(e)	opportunities for work experience, apprenticeships, and vocational training;
14		(f)	membership of or participation in any professional or trade organization;
15		(g)	decisions about dismissal, demotion, or retrenchment;
16		(h)	any other detriment.
17	(4)	An ei	mployer must make any workplace adjustment that may be reasonably required
18		to acc	commodate the employment of persons with disabilities and to facilitate their
19		effect	ive work performance.
20	(5)	In thi	s section, "workplace adjustment":
21		(a)	means an adjustment of an employee's jobs, work organization, or work
22			environment; and
23		(b)	includes:
24			(i) modifying a job design or content;
25			(ii) adjusting a work schedules or other work practices;

1		(iii) providing alternative communication tools or technologies;
2		(iv) improving access to a workplaces by such means as constructing
3		ramps, providing accessible toilets and elevators, and redesigning
4		workstations;
5		(v) adjusting or modifying machinery, equipment or tools;
6		(vi) providing training or other assistance.
7	(6)	A refusal by an employer to make a requested workplace adjustment constitutes
8		unlawful discrimination on the basis of disability unless the employer shows that that
9		the adjustment is unreasonable, unnecessary, or inappropriate, or would inflict an
10		unjustified or disproportionate burden on the employer.
11	(7)	Employment quotas, or other special measures taken to accelerate or achieve equality
12		for persons with disabilities in the area of employment, do not constitute unlawful
13		discrimination against other persons.
14		
15	Section	on 20. Adequate standard of living and social protection.
16	(1)	Persons with disabilities are entitled, equally with others, to an adequate standard of
17		living for themselves and their families, including:
18		(a) adequate and affordable food, clean water, clothing, and housing; and
19		(b) appropriate and affordable services, devices and other assistance.
20	(2)	Persons with disabilities, in particular those who are poor, children, women, and older
21		persons, have the right to enjoy social protection, poverty reduction support, and any
22		financial assistance, pension, welfare or other benefit scheme that is made available to
23		the general population, on an equal basis with others.
24	(3)	Persons with disabilities have the right to special allowances, benefits, and services in
25		addition to other forms of social protection schemes available to the general

1		population.
2	(4)	Persons with disabilities have the right to full control of any social protection
3		allowance or benefit granted to them.
4		
5	Section	n 21. Participation in political and public life.
6	(1)	Persons with disabilities have the right, on an equal basis with others, to participate in
7		all aspects of political and public life.
8	(2)	This right includes the right to:
9		(a) effective enjoyment of political rights including the right to:
10		(i) vote by secret ballot;
11		(ii) stand for election;
12		(iii) be elected or appointed to public office;
13		(b) be actively involved in political parties and other non-governmenta
14		organizations and associations concerned with public and political life; and
15		(c) form and join organizations representative of persons with disabilities.
16	(3)	A person must not be prevented or restricted, directly or indirectly, from exercising
17		any right under subsection (2) on the basis of an actual or perceived disability
18		including a mental, intellectual or psychosocial impairment or impaired cognitive
19		functioning.
20	(4)	To effectively exercise their political rights, persons with disabilities are entitled to –
21		(a) reasonable accommodation of their individual needs, including, if requested
22		voting with the aid of a personal assistant of their choice; and
23		(b) accessibility measures, including the following:
24		(i) access to public buildings;

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1	(ii) access to information in accessible formats in buildings and facilities
2	open to the public;
3	(iii)access to mobility aids, devices and assistive technologies;
4	(iv)access to appropriate training opportunities;
5	(v) polling stations at ground level;
6	(vi)wheelchair access to and within polling stations including polling
7	booths;
8	(vii) voting procedures and materials including voter lists and ballot
9	papers in accessible formats;
10	(viii) tactile and other assistive voting devices;
11	(ix)assistive devices for persons elected to political office to enable
12	effective performance of all public functions at all levels of
13	Government; and
14	(x) any other assistance or support to exercise their political rights on an
15	equal basis with others.
16	(5) Electoral quotas, or other special measures taken to accelerate or achieve equality for
17	persons with disabilities in political and public life, do not constitute unlawful
18	discrimination against other persons.
19	
20	Section 22. Participation in cultural life, recreation, leisure and sport.

- 21 (1) Persons with disabilities have the right, on an equal basis with others, to:
- 22 (a) participate in cultural life, recreation, leisure and sporting activities; and
- 23 (b) have their specific cultural and linguistic identity, including sign languages 24 and deaf culture, recognized and supported.
- 25 (2) These rights include:

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1	(a)	access to cultural materials in accessible formats;
2	(b)	access to television programs, films, and other cultural activities, in accessible
3		formats;
4	(c)	access to places for cultural performances or services, such as museums,
5		cinemas, libraries and tourism services, and, as far as is reasonably
6		practicable, access to monuments and sites of national cultural importance;
7	(d)	freedom from unreasonable or discriminatory barriers to access cultural
8		materials;
9	(e)	opportunities to develop and utilize their creative, artistic and intellectual
10		potential, not only for their own benefit, but also for the enrichment of society;
11	(f)	opportunities to organize, develop and participate in disability-specific
12		sporting and recreational activities, including national and international sports
13		events;
14	(g)	access, to appropriate instruction, sports training and resources;
15	(h)	access to mainstream public recreational, sporting, leisure and tourism
16		activities, venues, and services; and
17	(i)	opportunities for children with disabilities to participate in play, recreation,
18		leisure and sporting activities, including recreational and sporting activities in
19		the school system.
20		
21		
22		PART III – OBLIGATIONS OF GOVERNMENT
23		
24	Section 23.	General obligations of Government.

25

(1)

Government must ensure and promote the full realization of human rights and

1		funda	mental freedoms for persons with disabilities, as set out in Part II, without any
2		discri	mination on the basis of disability.
3	(2)	Witho	out limiting the generality of subsection (1), Government must:
4		(a)	refrain from engaging in any act or practice that is inconsistent with the rights
5			set out in Part II and ensure that public authorities and institutions act in
6			conformity with those rights;
7		(b)	ensure that instances of exploitation, violence and abuse against persons with
8			disabilities are identified, investigated and, where appropriate, prosecuted;
9		(c)	adopt measures to eliminate discrimination on the basis of disability by any
10			person or body;
11		(d)	where appropriate, develop special measures to promote equality of
12			opportunity and treatment for persons with disabilities;
13		(e)	provide training to persons working with persons with disabilities;
14		(f)	where required, ensure that reasonable accommodation is provided to persons
15			with disabilities;
16		(g)	ensure that facilities, services and programs designed to support persons with
17			disabilities are effectively and independently monitored.
18	(3)	The (	Government must adopt measures to modify or abolish existing laws, regulations,
19		custo	ms and practices that constitute discrimination against persons with disabilities,
20		inclu	ding replacing all forms of substitute decision-making by supported decision-
21		maki	ng.
22	(4) (	Sovernr	ment must, as far as is reasonably practicable, ensure that the rights and
23		needs	s of persons with disabilities are taken into account in:
24		(a)	national and sectoral policy making, planning, programming and resourcing;
25		(b)	disaster risk reduction planning and climate change adaptation, including;

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1		(i) disability-inclusive training;
2		(ii) barrier-free emergency exits, shelters, and facilities;
3		(iii) disability-inclusive disaster responses, including support services and
4		food security;
5	(c)	sporting, recreational and cultural activities;
6	(d)	education and training;
7	(e)	national census, labour force and household income and expenditure surveys;
8	(f)	employment and health policies, including policies on sexual and reproductive
9		health;
10	(g)	building codes and infrastructure.
11	(5) In all	policy and program design, development, implementation and review, consult
12	and a	actively involve persons with disabilities, including women and children with
13	disab	ilities.
14		
15	Section 24.	Functions of the Minister.
16	The Minister	must:
17	(a)	ensure compliance with reporting obligations under the Convention;
18	(b)	report to the Nitijela:
19		(i) annually on Government's fulfillment of its obligations under this Act
20		and the Convention-; and
21		(ii) periodically, as may be required; and
22	(c)	perform any other functions assigned to the Minister under this Act or any
23		other Act.
24		

25

Section 25. Accessibility measures.

1	(1)	The M	Ministry, in collaboration with all relevant Ministries, must develop measures to
2		ensur	e to persons with disabilities full, equal and unrestricted access to:
3		(a)	the physical environment;
4		(b)	transportation;
5		(c)	information and communications, including information and communications
6			technologies and systems; and
7		(d)	other facilities and services open or provided to the public.
8	(2)	The N	Ministry, in collaboration with all relevant Ministries, must:
9		(a)	develop, promulgate and monitor the implementation of minimum standards
10			and guidelines for the accessibility of all goods, products, facilities and
11			services open or provided to the public;
12		(b)	ensure that private entities that offer facilities and services which are open or
13			provided to the public take into account all aspects of accessibility for persons
14			with disabilities;
15		(c)	provide in buildings and other facilities open to the public, signage in Braille
16			and in easy to read and understand formats;
17		(d)	provide forms of live assistance and intermediaries, including guides, readers
18			and professional sign language interpreters, to facilitate accessibility to
19			buildings and other facilities open to the public;
20		(e)	promote the design, development, production and distribution of accessible
21			information and communications technologies and systems at an early stage in
22			the development of a project, so that these technologies and systems require
23			minimum adaptation and become accessible at minimum cost;
24		(f)	promote research into and development and use of universally designed goods,
25			products, services, equipment, and technologies, including information and

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		communications technologies, mobility aids, devices and assistive
		technologies, suitable for persons with disabilities; and
	(g)	provide accessible information to persons with disabilities about mobility aids,
		devices and assistive technologies, including new technologies, as well as
		other forms of assistance, support services and facilities.
(3)	Meas	ures adopted under this section must include:
	(a)	the identification and elimination of obstacles and barriers to accessibility in
		relation to, among other things -
		(i) buildings, roads, transportation and other indoor and outdoor facilities;
		(ii) schools, housing, medical facilities and workplaces;
		(iii) information, communications and other services, including electronic
		services and emergency services; and
	(b)	the application of universal design to all new goods, products, facilities,
		technologies and services.
Sect	tion 26.	Construction of roads and footpaths.
(1)	All	public roads and footpaths, whether constructed before or after the
	comn	nencement of this Act, must be accessible to persons with disabilities, and in
	partic	cular to persons using a wheelchairs or other mobility or assistive devices.
(2)	For the	he purposes of subsection (1), any intermediate point in any road or footpath,
	inclu	ding a vehicle crossings, cross roads, or pedestrian crossings, must also be
	acces	sible to persons with disabilities.
Sect	tion 27.	Public motor vehicles and parking lots.
(1)	Owne	ers of public motor vehicles must adapt the vehicles in accordance with standards

1		prescribed by the Minister to facilitate transportation for persons with disabilities.
2	(2)	Public motor vehicles that are in service at the commencement of this Act must be
3		adapted in accordance with subsection (1) within five years after the commencement.
4	(3)	For the purposes of this section, "public motor vehicle" has the meaning given to it in
5		under section 102 (q) of the Motor Traffic Act 1986.
6	(4)	The Public Safety Commissioner, in consultation with the Secretary of Public Works,
7		must ensure that every public parking lot in the Marshall Islands has at least three
8		parking spaces designated for use by persons with disabilities.
9	(5)	The Secretary of Public Works, in consultation with the
10		Public Safety Commissioner must establish signs and markings to clearly indicate the
11		designated parking spaces.
12	(6)	Every vehicle owner intending to use a designated parking space must apply to the
13		Public Safety Commissioner, in the prescribed form, for a disability parking sticker or
14		label.
15	(7)	Where an application satisfies all requirements prescribed under subsection (6), the
16	÷	Public Safety Commissioner must issue the disability parking sticker or label to the
17		applicant.
18	(8)	Every motor vehicle owner who has obtained a disability parking sticker or label
19		must prominently display the sticker or label when using a designated parking
20		space.
21	(9)	A person who breaches any of the requirements of this section commits an offense.
22		
23	Secti	on 28. Sports facilities.

For the effective participation of persons with disabilities in sports, the Minister must

prescribe standards of accessibility for sports facilities, including infrastructure, equipment,

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1	traini	ng, and	transportation.
2			
3	Secti	on 29.	Provision of support services.
4	(1)	The N	Ministry, in collaboration with other relevant Ministries, must provide all persons
5		with	disabilities reasonable access to any support services, including supported
6		decisi	on-making, needed to exercise their rights under this Act or any other Act.
7	(2)	The N	Ministry must ensure that supported decision-making:
8		(a)	is based on the will and preferences of the person receiving the support, not on
9			any perceived best interests of the person;
10		(b)	does not diminish the rights, autonomy, will or preferences of the person
11			receiving the support;
12		(c)	does not attribute legal capacity to another person as a substitute decision
13			maker;
14	,	(d)	is free from abuse, conflict of interest, and undue influence;
15		(e)	allows the person receiving the support to modify or terminate the support
16			relationship; and
17		(f)	is reinforced by training for persons receiving and providing support.
18	(3)	Supp	ort provided under this section must:
19		(a)	be proportional to the need for support;
20		(b)	be tailored to the person's circumstances;
21		(c)	be for a period preferred by the person; and
22		(d)	be subject to regular review by a competent, independent and impartial
23			authority or judicial body.
24			

25

1	(1)	The N	Ministry, in collaboration with other relevant Ministries, must adopt appropriate
2		meası	ures to ensure the full and equal enjoyment by women and children
3		with o	disabilities of all human rights and fundamental freedoms.
4	(2)	In ado	opting these measures, the Ministry must have particular regard to:
5		(a)	the importance of empowering women with disabilities given the multiple
6			forms of discrimination they face; and
7		(b)	the need to protect children with disabilities.
8	( <u>3</u> )	In me	easures concerning women with disabilities, the Ministry must:
9		(a)	adopt and strengthen measures to protect them from all forms of violence and
10			abuse, including sexual abuse and exploitation;
11		(b)	enable them to have equitable access to mainstream development
12			opportunities;
13		(c)	promote and facilitate their participation in national action plans on gender
14			equality and empowerment of women;
15		(d)	ensure their representation in Government decision making bodies; and
16		(e)	ensure they have access to sexual and reproductive health services on an equal
17			basis with other women.
18	(4)	In me	easures concerning children with disabilities, the Ministry must:
19		(a)	adopt and strengthen measures to protect them from all forms of violence and
20			abuse, including sexual abuse and exploitation;
21		(b)	ensure they have the right to express their views freely on all matters affecting
22			them;
23		(c)	provide them with disability and age-appropriate assistance to exercise the
24			right to express their views freely on all matters affecting them; and
25		(d)	give their views due weight in accordance with their age and maturity on an

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1			equal basis with other children;
2	(5)	In all	actions concerning children with disabilities:
3		(a)	the best interests of the child must be the primary consideration; and
4		(b)	the wills and preferences of children with disabilities must be respected on
5			an equal basis with other children.
6			
7	Section	on 31.	Awareness-raising.
8	(1)	The N	Ministry, in collaboration with other relevant Ministries, must:
9		(a)	raise awareness about disability issues throughout society, including at the
10			family level, and promote respect for the rights and dignity of persons with
11			disabilities;
12		(b) -	adopt measures to combat stereotypes, prejudices and harmful practices
13			relating to persons with disabilities, including those aggravated by sex and
14			age; and
15		(c)	promote awareness of the capabilities and contributions of persons with
16			disabilities.
17	(2)	The n	neasures required by subsection (1) (b) include the following:
18		(a)	conducting effective public awareness campaigns designed to:
19			(i) increase social awareness about the barriers faced by persons with
20			disabilities;
21			(ii) enhance positive attitudes towards persons with disabilities;
22			(iii) promote respect for the rights of persons with disabilities; and
23			(iv) promote recognition of the skills, talents and abilities of persons with
24			disabilities, and of their contributions to development;
25		(b)	fostering at all levels of the education system, including in all children from an

1			early age, respect for the rights of persons with disabilities;
2		(c)	encouraging the media to portray persons with disabilities in ways consistent
3	with t	he Con	vention and this Act.
4	(3)	A can	npaign conducted under subsection (2):
5		(a)	may be organized by Government or by a private person or organization at the
6			request of Government;
7		(b)	must be carried out in all schools and training centers, workplaces, health
8			centers, Department of Public Safety, and local communities; and
9		(c)	must involve the media, persons with disabilities, and their representative
10			organizations.
11			
12	Section	on 32.	Communications.
13	(1)	Every	television station must:
14		(a)	provide a sign language inset or sub-titles in all newscasts, educational
15			programs, and programs covering events of national significance; and
16		(b)	seek to ensure that a reasonable proportion of programs, including recreational
17			programs and films, is accessible to all persons with disabilities.
18	(2)	All te	elecommunications providers must install and maintain:
19		(a)	telephone or other communication devices for persons with hearing
20			impairments; and
21		(b)	tactile marks on telephone or other communication devices for persons with
22			visual impairment.
23	(3)	The	Ministry must liaise with the Customary Law and Language Commission or
24		devel	loping disability-positive Marshallese language and uniform signing of particular
25		Mars	hallese words.

1			
2			PART IV – ADMINISTRATION AND IMPLEMENTATION
3	Section	on 33.	Administration and implementation of this Act.
5	(1)	The N	Ministry is responsible for the administration and implementation of this Act.
6	(2)	The N	Ministry is the focal point for matters relating to the implementation of the
7		Conv	ention and this Act, including coordinating implementation with other agencies.
8	(3)	The S	ecretary:
9		(a)	may delegate, in writing, any of his or her powers or duties to a public officer
10			in the Ministry with relevant qualifications and experience; and
11		(b)	must designate a public officer with relevant qualifications and experience in
12			the Ministry to coordinate the Ministry's responsibilities under this Act.
13			
14			Human Rights Committee
15			
16	Section	on 34.	Role of the Committee.
17	(1)	The r	ole of the Committee in relation to persons with disabilities is to:
18		(a)	promote and monitor implementation of the Convention;
19		(b)	advise the Minister on policies and strategies for the elimination of
20			discrimination on the basis of disability and for improving the rights and well-
21			being of persons with disabilities;
22		(c)	advise the Minister on making regulations, prescribing guidelines, and setting
23			standards under this Act;
24		(d)	devise public awareness campaigns and training programs to support
25			Government's functions under sections 31 and 36;

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1		(e)	generally advise and assist Government in implementing its obligations under
2			the Convention and this Act;
3		(f)	adjudicate on adjustment orders and other accessibility measures or reasonable
4			accommodations contemplated by this Act;
5		(g)	advise the Secretary to issue and serve adjustments orders, as appropriate;
6		(h)	receive disability complaints made under section 43 and appoint a Disability
7			Rights Complaints Sub-Committee to hear the complaints;
8		(i)	refer to the Attorney General for prosecution any unresolved complaint or
9			suspected offense under this Act or the Human Rights Committee Act 2015;
10		(j)	report annually to the Minister on the activities of the Committee in respect of
11			persons with disabilities;
12		(k)	prepare reports to the Convention Committee as required by the Convention;
13		(1)	prepare periodic thematic reports for stakeholders, in particular persons with
14			disabilities and their representative organizations; and
15		(m)	perform any other functions conferred on the Committee in relation to persons
16			with disabilities by or under this Act, the Human Rights Act 2015, and any
17			other Act.
18	(2)	In ca	arrying out its roles under subsection (1), the Committee must consult the
19		repre	sentative organizations of persons with disabilities, where relevant.
20	<u>(3)</u>	The	Committee must keep a written record of its decisions and recommendations
21		relati	ng to disability matters, including disability complaints.
22			
23	Section	on 35.	Functions of the Secretary.
24	The S	Secretar	y must:
25		(a)	consult with other Ministries, local councils, representative organizations of

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1		persons with disabilities, and other relevant organizations to ensure the
2		effective implementation of this Act;
3	(b)	assist the Minister in the performance of the Minister's functions under this
1		Act;
5	(c)	refer disability complaints received under section 43 to the Committee;
6	(d)	keep records relating to persons with disabilities as required by this Act;
,	(e)	issue and serve adjustment orders on the advice of the Committee;
;	( <u>f</u> )	refer failures to comply with adjustment notices to the Committee;
)	(g)	report to the Minister and the Committee at least twice yearly; and
)	( <u>jh</u> )	perform any other function ascribed to the Secretary under this Act.
2	Section 36.	Training activities.
3	(1) The N	Ministry, must coordinate training activities, including –
ļ	(a)	training on issues of physical accessibility affecting persons with disabilities
		for builders, the National Government Chief Planner and statutory
		administrators of specific facilities;
,	(b)	general community training on accessibility issues, including communication
3		and participation in community life by persons with disabilities;
)	(c)	training for stakeholders involved in the administration of justice on the rights
)		of persons with disabilities and measures for recognizing those rights,
		including procedural accommodation; and
	(d)	training on mobility skills for persons with disabilities and providers of

This requirement is in addition to, and does not remove any responsibility for, training

in other disability matters required by any Ministry or department of Government by

support services.

23

24

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(2)

		P.L.2015-51
1	or ur	nder any other Act.
2	(3) The	Ministry must liaise with other training providers to ensure that disability
3	issue	es are mainstreamed in all sectoral training.
4		
5	Section 37.	Service delivery monitoring.
6	The Ministr	y in collaboration with all relevant Ministries, must:
7	(a)	monitor the prevalence and progression of disability in the Marshall Islands,
8		and evaluate the adequacy and efficacy of preventative and remedial
9		measures; and
10	(b)	monitor and evaluate services provided to persons with disabilities under the
11		Marshall Islands Health Fund
12		
13	Section 38.	Collection of statistics and data.
14	(1) The	Ministry, on the advice of the Committee, must collect appropriate information,
15	inclu	ading reliable and internationally comparable statistical and research data, to
16	enab	ole Government to formulate and implement policies to give effect to the
17	Con	vention and this Act.
18	(2) The	process of collecting and maintaining this information must comply with:
19	(a)	legally established safeguards, including legislation on data protection, in
20		order to ensure confidentiality and respect for the privacy of persons with
21		disabilities; and
22	(b)	internationally accepted norms to protect human rights and fundamental
23		freedoms and ethical principles, in the collection and use of statistics.

be disaggregated as appropriate and include disaggregated data on women and

The information collected in accordance with this section must:

24

25

(3)

(a)

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		P.L. 2015-51
		girls;
	(b)	be used to support mainstreaming of the rights of persons with disabilities into
		policies and programs;
	(c)	be used to identify barriers faced by persons with disabilities in exercising
		their rights; and
	(d)	assist Government in fulfilling its obligations under the Convention and this
		Act.
(4)	In th	ne collection of statistics and data, the Secretary must liaise with the Economic
Plann	ing Pol	icy and Statistics Office.
(5)	The S	Secretary, on the advice of the Committee, is responsible for the dissemination of
	disab	ility statistics and data, and must ensure their accessibility to persons with
	disab	ilities and others.
(6)	The S	Secretary must:
	(a)	establish a central information database of skilled individuals and
		organisations available to provide technical support for disability responses;
	(b)	establish and maintain a register of skilled persons with disabilities and must
		update the register on a regular basis for the purposes of job placement.
Secti	on 39.	Records.
(1)	The I	Ministry must keep and maintain records relating to the functions of the Ministry,
	inclu	ding the following:
	(a)	financial and resource management records;
	(b)	disability information and statistics;
	(c)	adjustment notices, orders and compliance or non-compliance with them;
	(4)	meetings with registered organizations and other hodies to discuss disability

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		P.L. 2015-51
		issues;
	(e)	disability complaints received and referred to the Committee;
	(f)	agreements and memoranda of understanding relating to persons with
		disabilities entered into by the Ministry with other Government departments,
	. •	statutory authorities and other bodies.
(2)	Unles	ss otherwise authorized by this or any other Act, all records must be kept
	confi	dential.
(3)	The	records may be in electronic format, provided the information is readily
	retrie	vable and is protected against loss and unauthorized alteration.
(4)	A cop	by of any record, certified as accurate by the Secretary may be produced in court
	as <i>pri</i>	ima facie evidence of the record.
(5)	The M	Minister may, by order, determine the period for which records under this section
	must	be kept, which must be consistent with any other Act relating to public records.
		Financial provisions
	etion 40.	Disabilities Assistance Fund.
(1)		Disabilities Assistance Fund is established as a special revenue account within
		National Treasury and under the control and supervision of the Ministry of
		nce, which must provide for its administration in accordance with the Financial
	Mana	agement Act of 1990.
(2)	The s	sources of the Fund consist of:
	(a)	money appropriated by the Nitijela in respect of the functions of the Ministry
		and the Minister under this Act;
	(b)	other monies provided by the Cabinet for the work of the Ministry by way of

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		P.C. 2019 - 3
1		grant or otherwise; and
2		(c) money paid to Government by any person or body, whether in or outside the
3		Marshall Islands, for the work of the Ministry.
4	(3)	If the sum available in the Fund is not sufficient to meet the purposes stated in section
5		41(4):
6		(a) the Minister may request the Nitijela to provide finance for the
7		implementation of this Act in addition to the annual appropriation; and
8		(b) the Cabinet may:
9		(i) make available monies from the Contingencies Fund or by
10		reprogramming; and
11		(ii) seek assistance from international and other sources.
12	(4)	Money made available and received under subsection (3) must be credited to the
13		Fund.
14	(5)	This section does not limit the authority of the Cabinet to apply for, administer or
15		expend any grants, gifts, or payments or pass-through funds for the purposes of this
16		Act.
17	(6)	Fines payable under this Act are to be paid to the Ministry of Finance and deposited
18		into the General Fund of the Marshall Islands.
19		
20	Section	41. Management of the Disabilities Assistance Fund.
21	(1)	The Fund must be managed by a Board of Trustees consisting of -
22		(a) the Chief Secretary;
23		(b) a representative of the Ministry of Internal Affairs; and
24		(c) a representative of the Ministry of Finance.
25	(2)	The Accountant General is treasurer to the Fund.

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1	(3)	The Fund is subject to audit by Auditor General as provided under Article VIII,
2		ection 15 of the Constitution.
3	(4)	The Fund must be used to contribute to the expenses, including capital expenses, of:
4		a) Government projects or programs for persons with disabilities;
5		accessibility measures, support services, awareness-raising, training, or a
6		other measures required under this Act;
7		e) representative organizations of persons with disabilities; and
8		d) institutions that train carers or personal assistants of persons with disabilities
9		
10	Section	42. Budget and audit of accounts.
11	The N	istry must have an annual budget and must produce annual audited accounts, audit
12	by the	ational Audit Office, to the Committee.
13		
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>		PART V - ENFORCEMENT OF RIGHTS
16	Section	43. Right to complain to the Committee.
17	(1)	A person may make a complaint to the Committee through the Ministry if the pers
18		easonably believes there has been an act of unlawful discrimination on the basis
19		lisability.
20	(2)	A person under subsection (1) includes a person with a disability, a parent,
21		guardian of a child with disability, or any other person concerned for the welfare of
22		person with disability,
23	(2)	A complaint must be dealt with in accordance with Part IV of the Human Right
24		Committee Act 2015.
25		

1	Section	n 44.	Committee investigation where no complaint.
2		The C	Committee may initiate an investigation in accordance with section 16 of the
3		Huma	n Rights Committee Act 2015 where the Committee reasonably believes:
4		(a)	that a person or group of persons, including a Government department or any
5			public officer, is engaged in an act of unlawful discrimination on the basis of
6			disability or is otherwise in breach of this Act; and
7		(b)	the act of unlawful discrimination involves a significant infringement of
8			rights, which raises issues of public interest.
9			
10	Section	n 45.	Adjustment orders.
11	(1)	If the	Committee considers that any public building is inaccessible to persons with
12		disabi	lities by reason of any structural, physical, administrative or other impediment,
13		the C	ommittee may advise the Ministry to serve on the owner of the building an
14		adjust	ement order:
15		(a)	setting out a full description of the building;
16		(b)	stating the grounds on which the Committee considers that the building is
17			inaccessible to persons with disabilities;
18		(c)	requiring the owner to undertake, at the owner's expense, the measures
19			specified in the adjustment order so as to provide reasonable access to the
20			building for persons with disabilities; and
21		(d)	stating the period within which the measures referred to in paragraph (c) must
22			be effected.
23	(2)	The l	Ministry must, before serving an adjustment order under subsection (1), give
24		writte	en notice to the owner:

25

(a)

specifying the ground upon which the adjustment order is to be issued and the

1			action which the Committee considers necessary to rectify the situation;
2		(b)	specifying the maximum period that the Committee considers reasonable for
3			the implementation of the action specified; and
4		(c)	inviting the owner to make oral or written representation to the Committee
5			within 30 days after the service of the notice.
6	(3)	After	considering any representation made subsection (2) (c), the Committee may
7	advis	e the Mi	inistry to issue an adjustment order.
8	(4)	An ov	wner may, within 30 days of the issue of an adjustment order, appeal to the Court
9		agains	st the issuing of the order, on one or more of the following grounds:
10		(a)	the owner cannot reasonably be expected to bear the whole or any part of the
11			expenses required to implement the order;
12		(b)	the period specified for implementing the order is unreasonable;
13		(c)	the action required to be taken by the order is, in the circumstances of the case,
14			unreasonable;
15		(d)	adequate access to the building concerned may be secured without recourse to
16			the action required by the order.
17	(5)	Upon	hearing an appeal, the Court may:
18		(a)	confirm, vary or set aside the adjustment order; or
19		(b)	make such order as it thinks fit.
20	(6)	A per	son who fails to comply with an adjustment order made by the Court under this
21		section	on is guilty of contempt.
22			
23	Secti	on 46.	Adjustment orders against Government bodies.
24	(1)	Subje	ect to subsections (2) and (3), the Committee may advise the Ministry to serve an

adjustment order upon:

25

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1.		(a)	any hospital, nursing home or health clinic controlled or managed by
2			Government;
3		(b)	any school or educational or training institution controlled or managed by
4			Government; or
5		(c)	any other Government body.
6	(2)	Befor	e advising the Ministry to serve an adjustment order, the Committee must obtain
7		appro	val of the relevant Minister.
8	(3)	If app	proval is neither given nor declined after 60 days from the date approval was
9		sough	nt, the Committee may advise the Ministry to serve the adjustment order as
10		thoug	th the relevant Minister had approved.
11	(4)	A Co	emmittee member representing a Ministry that is the subject of an adjustment
12		order	must not participate in any deliberations of the Committee on the matter.
13			
14			PART VI – OFFENSES AND PROCEEDINGS
15 16			Offenses
<ul><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>			Offenses
18	Secti	on 47.	Unlawful discrimination on the basis of disability.
19	(1)	A per	cson who discriminates against another person on the basis of disability, commits
20	an of	fence.	
21	(2)	For tl	he purpose of subsection (1), another person means -
22		(a)	a person with an actual physical, sensory, mental, intellectual or psychosocial
23			impairment;
24		(b)	a person perceived to have a physical, sensory, mental, intellectual or
25			psychosocial impairment; or

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1		(c)	a person associated with the person described under (a) or (b).
2	(3)	For th	ne purpose of subsection (1), evidence of the discrimination may be adduced by
3		show	ng, among other things, that the defendant:
4		(a)	made a distinction, exclusion, or restriction against the other person;
5		(b)	subjected the other person to a detriment to which other persons are not
6	ordin	arily sul	ojected;
7		(c)	failed to provide reasonable accommodation to the other person when
8			the defendant had a duty to do so under this Act; or
9		(d)	refused to a person with a disability admission or access to any building,
10			transport, facility, service, or product to which members of the public are
11			ordinarily admitted or entitled.
12	(4)	It is no	ot a defense to a charge under this section that the discrimination arose out of
13		or wa	s consistent with any ethnic, communal, cultural or religious custom or practice.
14	(5)	A pr	osecution must not be brought under this section against a Government
15		depar	tment, Minister, or public officer, performing official duties in good faith.
16			
17	Secti	ion 48.	Failure to comply with an adjustment order.
18	(1)	An o	wner of a building, other than a Government building, commits
19		an of	fense if:
20		(a)	he or she fails to comply with an adjustment order served under section 45
21			within the period specified in the order;; and
22		(b)	either:
23			(i) the period under section 45 (4) for appealing an order has expired; or
24			(ii) upon hearing an appeal, the Court confirms the order under section 45
25			(5).

1	(2)	The Court may, instead of, or in addition to, imposing a penalty for the offense, order
2		the owner, at the owner's expense, to do the necessary remedial work to the
3		satisfaction of the Secretary, within a period specified in the order.

- 4 (3) If the owner fails to comply with an order under subsection (2):
- 5 (a) the owner is in contempt of court, as well as being liable to any other penalty
  6 for the offense already imposed; and
- the Secretary, on the advice of the Committee, may arrange to have the necessary work done, in which case the owner is liable to

  Government for the cost of the work as a civil debt.

10

11

#### Section 49. Penalties.

- 12 (1) A person convicted of an offense under section 47 or section 48 is liable to a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or both.
- In the case of a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of an offense under section 47 or section 48 is liable to a further fine not exceeding \$10,000 for the second or subsequent offense.
- 17 (3) A court convicting a person of an offence under section 47 or section 48 may, in
  18 addition to any other penalty, award compensation for economic loss arising from the
  19 discrimination.
- 20 (4) For any other offense under this Act for which a specific penalty is not provided, the 21 penalty is a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one 22 year, or both.

23

24

#### Section 50. Concealment of persons with disabilities.

25 (1) It is an offence for a parent, guardian, next of kin or carer of a person with disability

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- 1 (a) conceal the whereabouts of the person; or
- 2 (b) willfully fail to register the person at birth under the Births, Deaths and
  3 Marriages Registration Act 1988.
- 4 (2) A person convicted of an offense under subsection (1) is liable to a fine not exceeding \$500.

6

#### 7 Section 51. Giving false information to obtain a benefit.

- 8 (1) A person who knowingly gives false information for the purpose of obtaining any
- 9 support service or other benefit under this Act commits an offense.
- 10 (2) A person convicted of an offense under subsection (1) is liable to a fine not exceeding \$500.

12

#### 13 Section 52. Medical confidentiality.

- 14 (1) Subject to this section, all health professionals, medical instructors, workers,
- employers, recruitment agencies, insurance companies, data encoders, and other
- 16 custodians of medical records, files, data, or test results must observe confidentiality
- in the handling of personal medical information relating to persons with disabilities.
- 18 (2) The obligation under subsection (1) also applies to any person who, in any official
- capacity, acquires the confidential information.
- 20 (3) A person does not breach medical confidentiality if information about another person
- 21 is given with the free and informed consent of the other person.
- 22 (4) A person who acts in contravention of this section commits an offence and is liable to
- a fine not exceeding \$1000.
- 24 (5) A person convicted of an offence under this section is, in addition to any penalty
- 25 under subsection (4), also liable to:

			P.L. 2015 - 51
1		(a)	the cancellation or suspension of any license to operate a business entity that
2			provides health services; and
3		(b)	the loss of accreditation of a hospital, laboratory or clinic owned or managed
4			by the person.
5			
6	Section	on 53.	Offenses by corporate bodies.
7	(1)	A cor	porate body that commits an offense under this Part is liable to a maximum fine
8	five ti	imes the	e maximum fine prescribed in section 49.
9	(2)	If a co	orporate body commits an offense against this Act, a director or any other person
10	conce	erned wi	ith the management of the body corporate commits the same offense, unless the
11	direct	or or ot	her person proves that:
12		(a)	the offense was committed without his or her consent or connivance; and
13		(b)	he or she exercised reasonable diligence to prevent the commission of the
14			offense, having regard to the nature of his or her functions in the corporate
15			body and to all the circumstances.
16			
17			Other proceedings
18	C a a 4 i	om <b>5</b> 4	Dissipling of public officers
19	Secu	on 54.	Discipline of public officers.
20	(1)	If, in	the course of duty, a public officer wilfully discriminates against another person
21		on the	e basis of disability, the public officer must be disciplined in accordance with the
22		Publi	c Service Commission Act 1979.
23	(2)	Subse	ection (1) does not affect any complaint proceedings, prosecution, or other
24		meas	ure adopted under Part V against the public officer.

1	Section	on 55.	Civil remedies.
2	(1)	A pe	erson alleging discrimination under this Act may apply to the Court for
3		redres	ss by way of:
4		(a)	injunctive relief; or
5		(b)	if the person has suffered physical injury, psychological injury, or economic
6			loss, an award of damages.
7	(2)	The	right in subsection (1) (b) does not arise if the person has been awarded
8		comp	ensation by the Court under section 49 (3).
9	(3)	This	section:
10		(a)	is without prejudice to any other action with respect to the same matter
11			which is lawfully available to a person; and
12		(b)	does not affect the right of any person to claim damages for any other civil
13			Wrong,
14	(4)	Nothi	ing in this section entitles a person to bring an action for damages against a
15		Gove	rnment department, Minister, a public officer, performing official duties in good
16		faith.	
17			
18	Section	on 56.	Severability of contracts.
19	Any o	contract	for employment or for the provision of goods, facilities or services, or any other
20	agree	ment, i	s void to the extent that it purports to deny, to persons with disabilities, any right
21	or pri	vilege	conferred by or under this Act or in any other way limits the operation and effect
22	of thi	s Act.	
23			
24			PART VII – MISCELLANEOUS

25

Section	on 57. Regulations.
(1)	The Minister may, in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, make
	regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1) or affecting any other regulation-making power in this
	Act, regulations may:
	(a) prescribe fees and charges for services provided by Government under this
	Act;
	(b) create other offenses;
	(c) prescribe penalties not exceeding a fine of \$5,000 for an individual or \$25,000
	for a corporate body; and
	(d) prescribe any other matter required for giving effect to this Act.
(3)	In making regulations, the Minister must:
	(a) obtain the advice of the Committee and the Secretary; and
	(b) consult other Government departments and statutory authorities, as
	appropriate.
Section	on 58. Guidelines and standards.
(1)	The Minister may, after consulting the Committee, prescribe guidelines setting
	minimum standards of access by persons with disabilities to facilities or
	amenities in all areas, including buildings or services open to the public
	transportation, communications, and justice.
(2)	The guidelines prescribed under subsection (1) must be given appropriate publicity in
	the written and electronic media, and on Government notice-boards.
(3)	Failure to comply with the guidelines on any matter may be taken as evidence of

25

failure to provide reasonable accommodation in relation to that matter to a persons

1		with disability.			
2					
3	Section	59. Repe	al.		
4	The M	otor Traffic (I	Disabled Parking) Act, 2007 is repealed.		
5					
6	Section	60. Savir	ngs and Transitional.		
7	(1)	All parking s	spaces allocated before the commencement of this Act under section 504		
8		of the Motor	Traffic (Disabled Parking) Act, 2007 for motor vehicles carrying persons		
9		with disabilit	ties remain valid as if designated under section 27(4) of this Act.		
10	(2)	All applicati	ons made before the commencement of this Act for a disabled parking		
11		sticker or la	bel under section 505(1) of the Motor Traffic (Disabled Parking) Act,		
12		2007, remain	valid as if made under section 27(6) of this Act.		
13	(3)	All disabled	parking stickers or labels issued under section 505(2) of the Motor		
14		Traffic (Disa	abled Parking) Act, 2007 remain valid as if made under section 27(7) of		
15		this Act.			
16					
17	Section	61. Seven	rability.		
18	If any provision of this Act is deemed to be unconstitutional, the other provisions remain		this Act is deemed to be unconstitutional, the other provisions remain in		
19	full force and effect.				
20					
21	Section	62. Effec	etive date.		
22	(1)	This Act con	nmences on one year from the date of certification in accordance with the		
23		Constitution	and the Rules of Procedures of the Nitijela.		
24	(2)	A prosecution	on for an offense under this Act must not be commenced until after one		
25		year of the co	ommencement of this Act.		

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1							
2 3 4 5 6	CERTI	FICATE					
7	I hereby certify:						
8	1. That Nitijela Bill No. <u>82ND1</u> wa	s passed by the Nitijela of the Republic of the					
9	Marshall Islands on the 19th day of September,						
10	2015; and						
11	2. That I am satisfied that Nitijela	Bill No.82ND1 was passed in accordance with					
12	the relevant provisions of the Const	relevant provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of the Marshall Islands					
13	and the Rules of Procedures of the N	litijela.					
14							
15	I hereby place my signature before the Clerk t	his 19th day of October 2015.					
16							
17	Att	est:					
18							
19	I Jenell St. Eap	Junta &					
20		_					
21	/ Hon. Donald F. Capelle	Lena Tiobech					
22	Speaker	Clerk					
23	Nitijela of the Marshall Island	Nitijela of the Marshall Islands					
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